

Quick Start Guide

Microsoft PowerPoint 2013 looks different from previous versions, so we created this guide to help you minimize the learning curve.

Find what you need

Click any tab on the ribbon to display its buttons and commands.

Use contextual tabs

Some ribbon tabs appear only when you need them. For example, when you insert or select a picture, the **Picture Tools Format** tab appears.

See more options

Click this arrow to see more options in a dialog box.

Manage your presentations

Click the **File** tab to open, save, print, and manage your presentations.

Show the content you want

Switch views or show or hide notes and comments.

Get help

Click here or press **F1**.

Need more space?

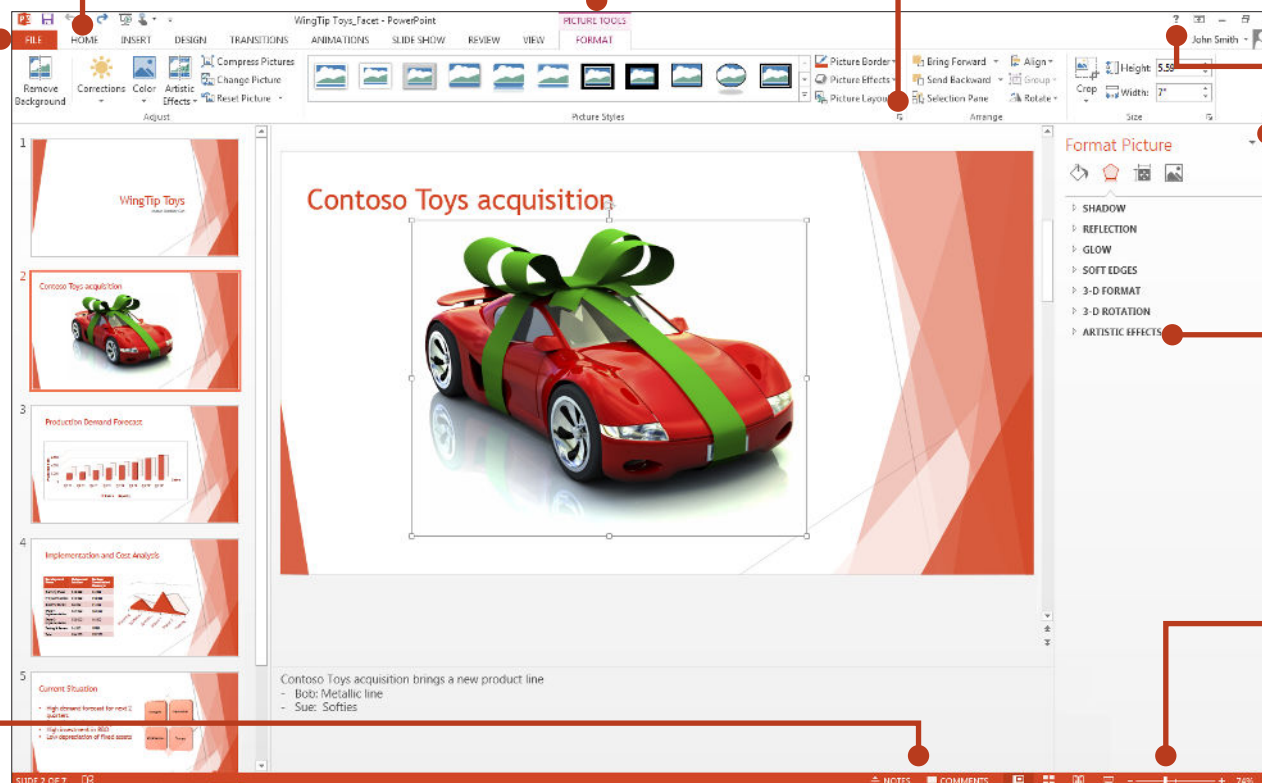
Click here or press **CTRL+F1** to hide or show the ribbon.

Use the Format pane

Use this handy pane to apply formatting to pictures, video, SmartArt, shapes, and other objects.

Zoom in and out

Slide this bar to the left or right to zoom in or out on slide details.



Quick Start Guide

When you first open PowerPoint 2013, you'll see that you have several choices for getting started — using a template, a theme, a recent file, or a blank presentation.

Search for online templates and themes

Type keywords into the search box to find templates and themes online at Office.com.

Use a featured theme

Choose a built-in theme to start your next presentation. These work well for both widescreen (16:9) and standard screen (4:3) presentations.

Choose a template category

Click the template categories below the search box to find some of the most popular PowerPoint templates.

Open a recent presentation

It provides easy access to your most recently opened presentations.

Find other files

Browse to find presentations and other files stored on your computer or in the cloud.

Start from scratch

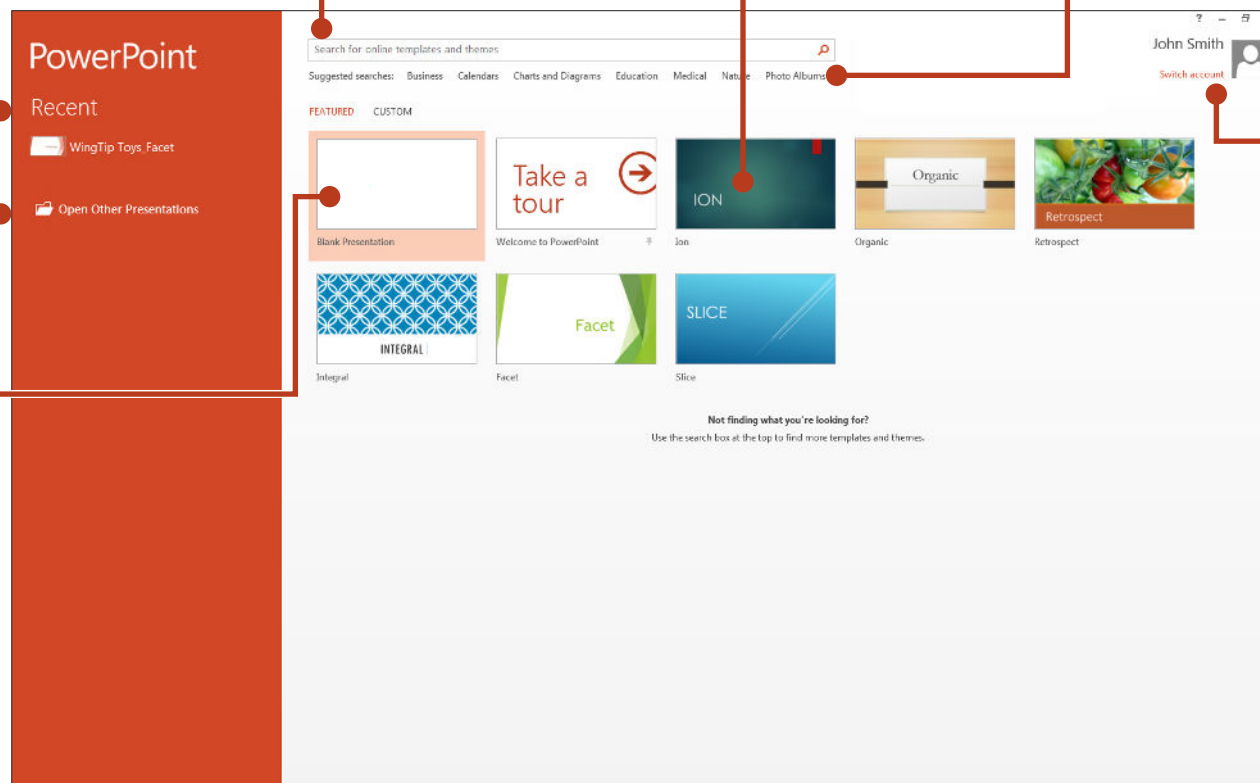
To start a new presentation, click **Blank Presentation**.

Sign in to Office

Sign into your account and access the files you've saved to the cloud from anywhere.

Theme variations

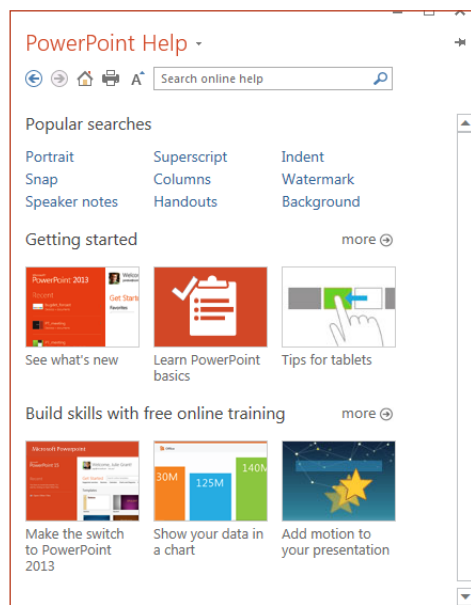
When you choose a theme, PowerPoint offers you variations with different color palettes and font families.



How to get help with PowerPoint 2013

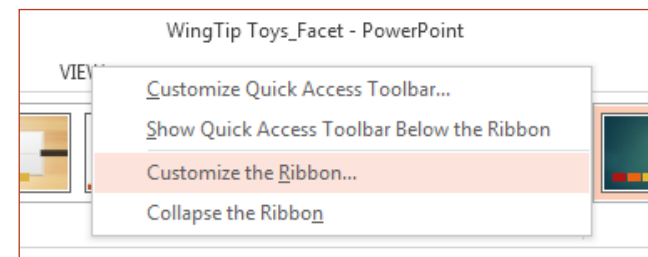
If you've been using earlier versions of PowerPoint, you'll probably have questions about where to find certain commands in PowerPoint 2013.

There are many free resources available to help you learn PowerPoint 2013, including training courses, Getting Started help topics and videos, and basic tasks. To find these materials, click the PowerPoint Help button (the question mark) in the upper right corner of the PowerPoint window.



Create custom ribbon tabs and groups

You can create custom tabs or groups on the ribbon and add buttons with the commands you want. Right-click any ribbon tab or group, and then click **Customize the Ribbon**.



Next, add commands from the **PowerPoint Options** box. For example, you could create a tab called **Frequent**, and then add some of your most frequently-used commands to a custom group on this tab.

If you make a mistake, you can use the **Reset** button to go back to the default ("factory") settings.

Some older PowerPoint commands don't appear on the ribbon, but they're still available. In the **PowerPoint Options** dialog box, click **Customize Ribbon**, and then, in the **Choose commands from** list, select **Commands Not in the Ribbon**. Now find the commands you want and add them to a custom ribbon tab or group.

Things you might be looking for

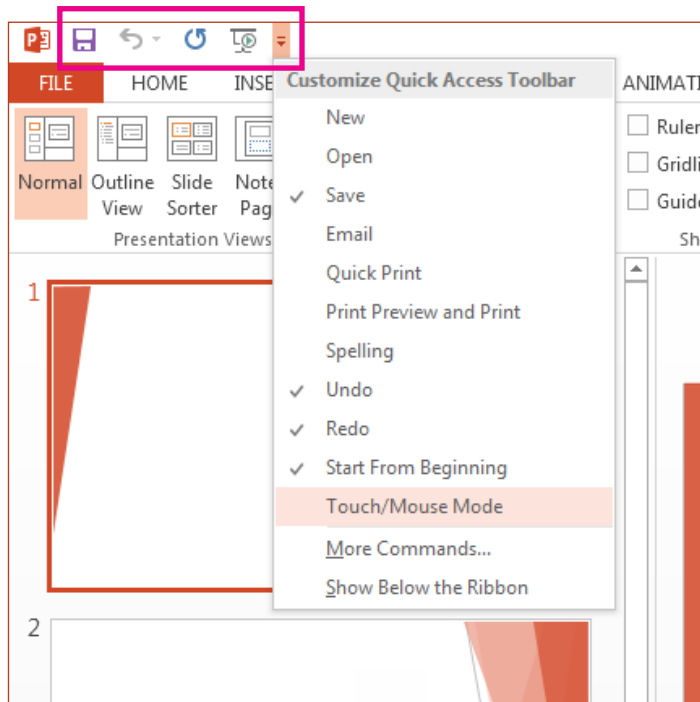
Use the list below to find some of the more common tools and commands in PowerPoint 2013.

To...	Click...	And then look in the...
Open, save, print, share, send, export, convert, or protect files	File	Backstage view (click the commands in the left pane).
Add slides, apply a layout, change fonts, align text, or apply Quick Styles	Home	Slides, Font, Paragraph, Drawing, and Editing groups.
Insert tables, pictures, shapes, SmartArt, WordArt, charts, comments, Header and footer, video, or audio	Insert	Tables, Images, Illustrations, Comments, Text, and Media groups.
Apply a theme, change the color of a theme, change the slide size, change the background of a slide, or add a watermark	Design	Themes, Variants, or Customize groups.
Apply or adjust the timing of a transition	Transitions	Transition and Timing groups.
Apply or adjust the timing of an animation	Animations	Animation, Advanced Animation, and Timing groups.
Start a slide show, set up a slide show, specify monitors for use with Presenter view	Slide Show	Start Slide Show, Set Up, and Monitors groups.
Check spelling, enter and review comments, or compare presentations	Review	Proofing, Comments, and Compare groups.
Change views, edit a master view, show grids, guides, and rulers, zoom in, switch between PowerPoint windows, and use macros	View	Presentation Views, Master Views, Show, Zoom, Window, and Macros groups.

Access frequently-used commands

The Quick Access Toolbar, in the upper-left corner of the PowerPoint window, is a great place to add shortcut buttons to the commands you'll use most often.

Click the drop-down arrow next to the Quick Access Toolbar to add or remove the commands listed on the shortcut menu.



If the command you want to add isn't shown in the list, switch to the ribbon tab where the button resides, and then right-click it there. On the shortcut menu, click **Add to Quick Access Toolbar**.

Intuitive tools at your fingertips

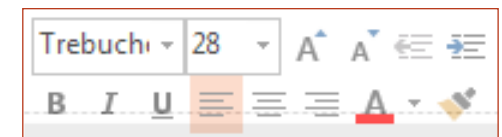
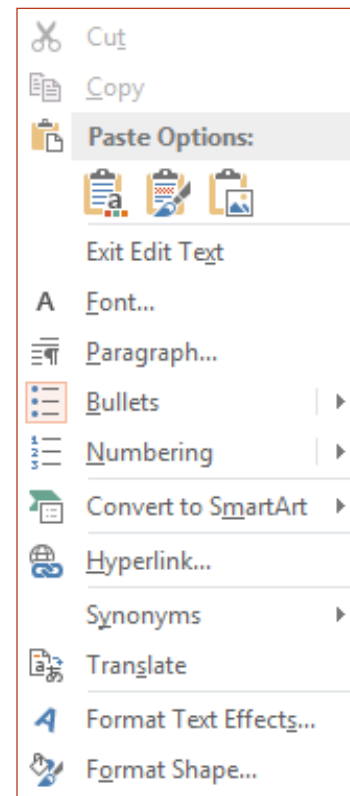


Note that some ribbon tabs appear and disappear, depending on what you're doing.

For example, when you insert or select a video, the **Video Tools: Playback** and **Format** tabs automatically appear. They appear so you can apply formatting or set playback options for the video. These types of contextual tabs appear any time you insert or select a picture, chart, table, WordArt, or any other object.

When you're working on a slide and you right-click the slide background, the right-click menu appears, which is loaded with task options.

Similarly, the mini toolbar automatically appears whenever you want to perform quick text-related tasks, such as indenting a bullet or applying bold to your text.



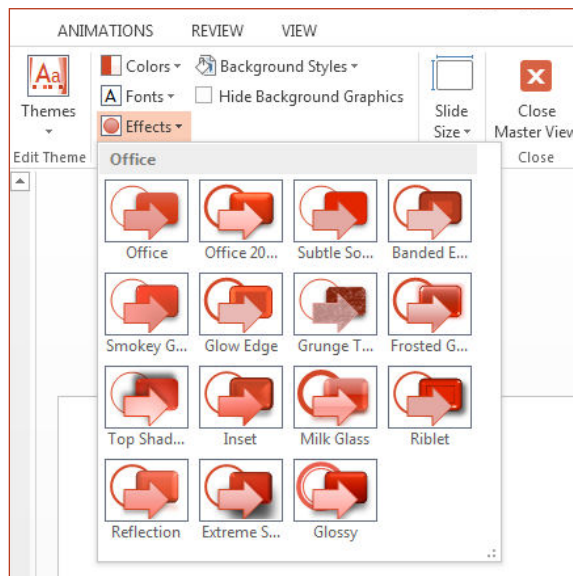
Changes to themes

When you apply a built-in theme and you want to change the colors and fonts, you can now choose from designer-selected theme variants from the start screen or on the **Design** tab.



If you don't see a combination that works for you, you can always customize the theme colors, fonts, and effects in **Slide Master View**.

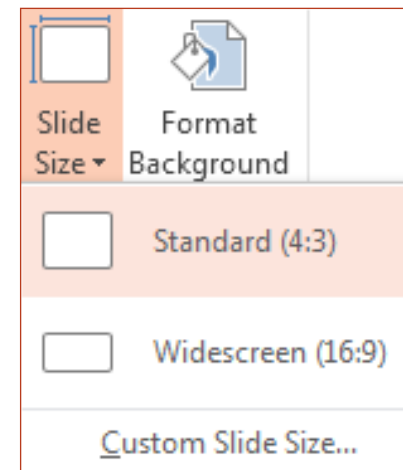
Click **View > Slide Master** and you'll see the **Colors, Fonts, and Effects** options in the **Background** group.



New default slide size

Much of the world's TVs and video have gone to widescreen and HD formats, and so has PowerPoint. In previous versions, the slide ratio was 4:3. In PowerPoint 2013, 16:9 is the new default, but you can change this on the **Design** tab.

If you work with slides in older versions of PowerPoint, or are presenting on older monitors or projectors, you'll want to change the slide ratio back to 4:3. To do so, click **Design > Slide Size** and then choose **4:3** — or you can set your own custom size.

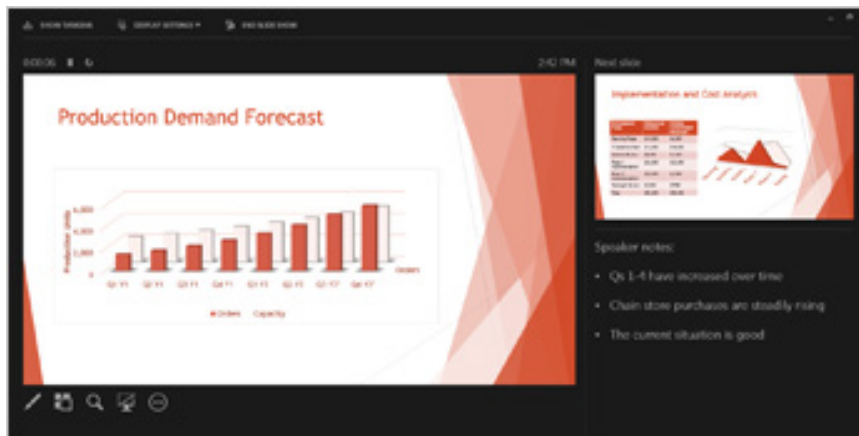


Presenter View setup is automatic

If you used Presenter View in previous versions of PowerPoint, you might have had difficulties setting it up. PowerPoint 2013 fixes that headache and makes it simpler to use.

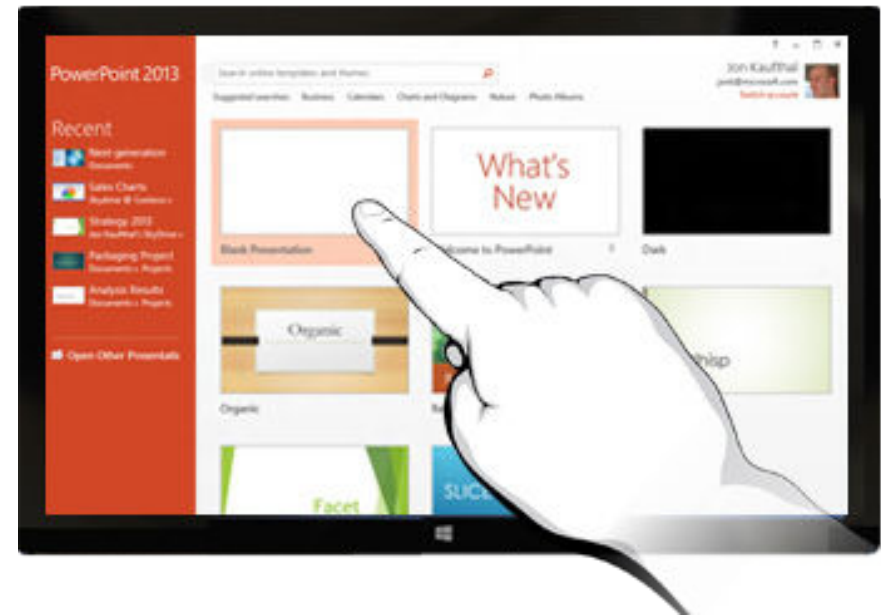
All you do is connect a projector and monitor and PowerPoint applies the right settings for you automatically. However, you can also take control manually (switching between the monitor and projector) if you need to.

Note that Presenter View no longer requires multiple monitors. Now you can rehearse and use all the tools in Presenter View from a single monitor without hooking up anything else.



PowerPoint on touch devices

You can now interact with PowerPoint 2013 on touch devices running Windows 8. Using typical touch gestures, you can swipe, tap, scroll, zoom, and pan your way through your presentations.



Save your presentations to the cloud

The “cloud” is like file storage in the sky. You can get to it anytime you’re online. If you travel or move from one place to another on a regular basis and you need access to your files, consider storing your files in the cloud.

OneDrive is a free online cloud service where you can securely access and share files with others. All you need is a free Microsoft account to sign in to OneDrive.



Sign in to Office


To get started saving, sharing, and storing your files to the cloud, sign in to Microsoft Office.

In PowerPoint, or any Office application, look for your name at the top right corner of the ribbon. After you sign in, you can switch accounts and change your profile.


x

Sign in to Office

When you sign in, your Office documents and personal settings are just a click away - even if the device you're working on doesn't have Office. You can also save your documents online so you can get to them from virtually anywhere.

**Microsoft account**

Sign in using the Microsoft account you use with MSN, Hotmail, Messenger and other Microsoft services.

**Organization or School**

Sign in using the user ID assigned by your work or school for accessing Microsoft online services.

[Learn more](#) | [Privacy statement](#)

How to work with people who don't have PowerPoint 2013

Here are some of the things to keep in mind when sharing or exchanging files with people who are using an older version of PowerPoint.

In PowerPoint 2013...	What happens?	What should I do?
You open a presentation that was created in PowerPoint 2007 or earlier.	<p>In PowerPoint 2013 you'll see the words [Compatibility Mode] on the title bar. This tells you that the presentation is currently saved in the older file format, which doesn't recognize newer features like embedded video, new transition effects, sections, and more.</p> <p>If you want to use all of the available PowerPoint 2013 features, you'll need to change the presentation to the newest file format.</p>	<p>You can continue working in Compatibility Mode. However, if no one you share the presentation with is using PowerPoint 2007 or earlier, it's best to change the file to the newest format .</p> <p>To change the file, click File > Info > Convert.</p>
You save your presentation as a PowerPoint 2013.	<p>If a colleague opens your PowerPoint 2013 presentation in PowerPoint 2007 or earlier, a prompt appears with a link to download the free Compatibility Pack. They'll need the Compatibility Pack to open and work with presentations in the new format. If you've included new PowerPoint 2013 features or formatting in your presentation, your colleague (using PowerPoint 2007 or earlier) will see warnings about unsupported features.</p>	<p>Before sharing your PowerPoint 2013 presentation with colleagues who use earlier versions of PowerPoint, run the Compatibility Checker tool. To check for compatibility, in PowerPoint 2013, click File > Info > Check for Issues > Check Compatibility.</p> <p>The tool tells you which new features in PowerPoint 2013 aren't supported in older versions. You can then decide whether to remove these features to avoid warnings in earlier versions of PowerPoint.</p>
You save your presentation as a PowerPoint 2007 or earlier file.	<p>If a colleague opens the presentation in PowerPoint 2007 or earlier, the file will open normally — no Compatibility Pack is required.</p> <p>If you've included new PowerPoint 2013 features or formatting in your presentation, your colleague will see warnings about unsupported features, the formatting or feature may not appear in the file, or the objects may not be editable.</p>	<p>You don't have to do anything, necessarily.</p> <p>When you save your file in the older PowerPoint file format, the Compatibility Checker will run automatically and warn you about any unsupported features.</p>